

who is found guilty of the same offense in any senatorial primary election as herein provided for, shall be deemed guilty of the same crime of which his offense is made to consist by and under the general election law, and particularly under any of the above mentioned sections thereof, and shall be liable to the same punishment or penalty as is prescribed for such offense by the general election law or by any of said sections thereof.

1908, ch. 400, sec. 11.

212. The said several state central committees of each party in said counties and legislative districts shall have all powers, in addition to those conferred upon them by the other sections of this sub-title, which may be proper or necessary for the complete and effectual holding of said senatorial primary elections and for the ascertainment, certifying and return of the results thereof.

1910, ch. 441 (p. 104).

213. In the event that only one candidate for senator in congress of the United States of any political party shall file with the chairman of the state central committee of the whole State of the party to which said candidate belongs, his certificate in writing, as provided for in this sub-title, then and in that event the party of such candidate shall not be obliged or required to hold senatorial primaries under the provisions of this sub-title, but such candidate shall be entitled to receive the votes of each senator and member of the house of delegates elected from the several counties and several legislative districts of Baltimore city by the party to which he belongs. The chairman of the state central committee of the whole State shall be required, however, to publish in three daily newspapers published in the city of Baltimore, and one or more newspapers in each county, the fact that only one candidate for the senator in the United States congress has filed his application, and shall publish the certificate of nomination of such candidate.